

# Reactivation of Sequential Head Direction Memory Traces in Humans

Julia Schaefer, Benjamin J. Griffiths, Thomas Schreiner, Tobias Staudigl  
Ludwig-Maximilians-Universität München, Cognitive Neuropsychology



LUDWIG-MAXIMILIANS-UNIVERSITÄT MÜNCHEN

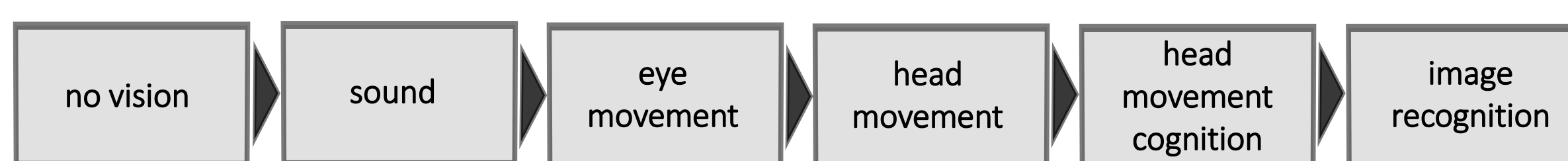
## INTRODUCTION

- ❖ Episodic memory and navigation operate along time and space<sup>1</sup>
- ❖ Neuronal reactivation of prior encoded sequential memories during retrieval<sup>2,3,4</sup>
- ❖ Human studies: mostly virtual reality for testing reactivation of sequential spatial memories<sup>5</sup> -> lack information of self-motion cues
- ❖ This study: incorporating real-world navigational movements in a sequence memory paradigm

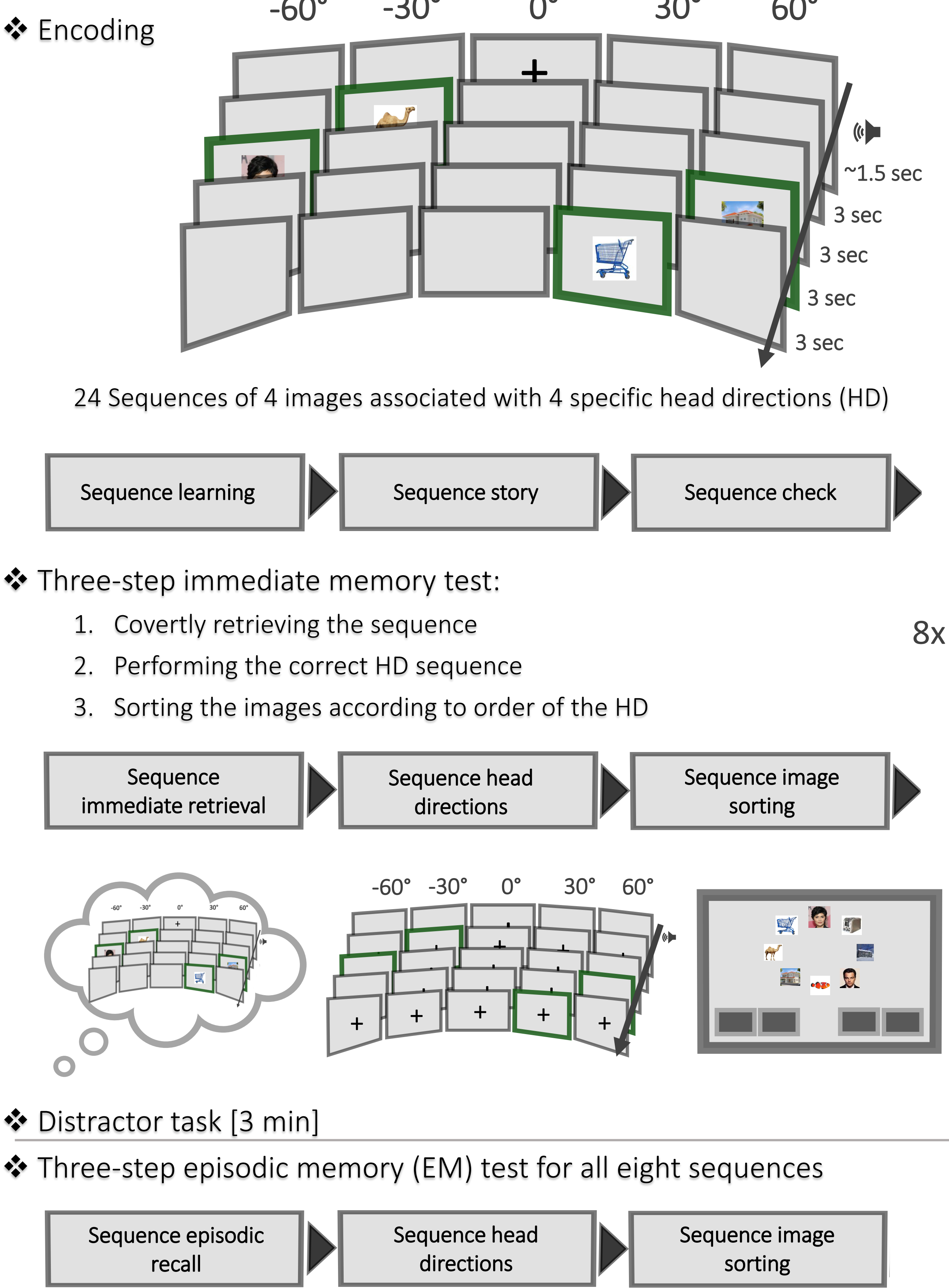
## METHODS

- ❖ 36 participants, (12 male, age range: 18-35)
- ❖ EEG, head motion tracking, EOG, Eye tracking

### LOCALIZER TASKS



### MEMORY PARADIGM



## DISCUSSION & OUTLOOK

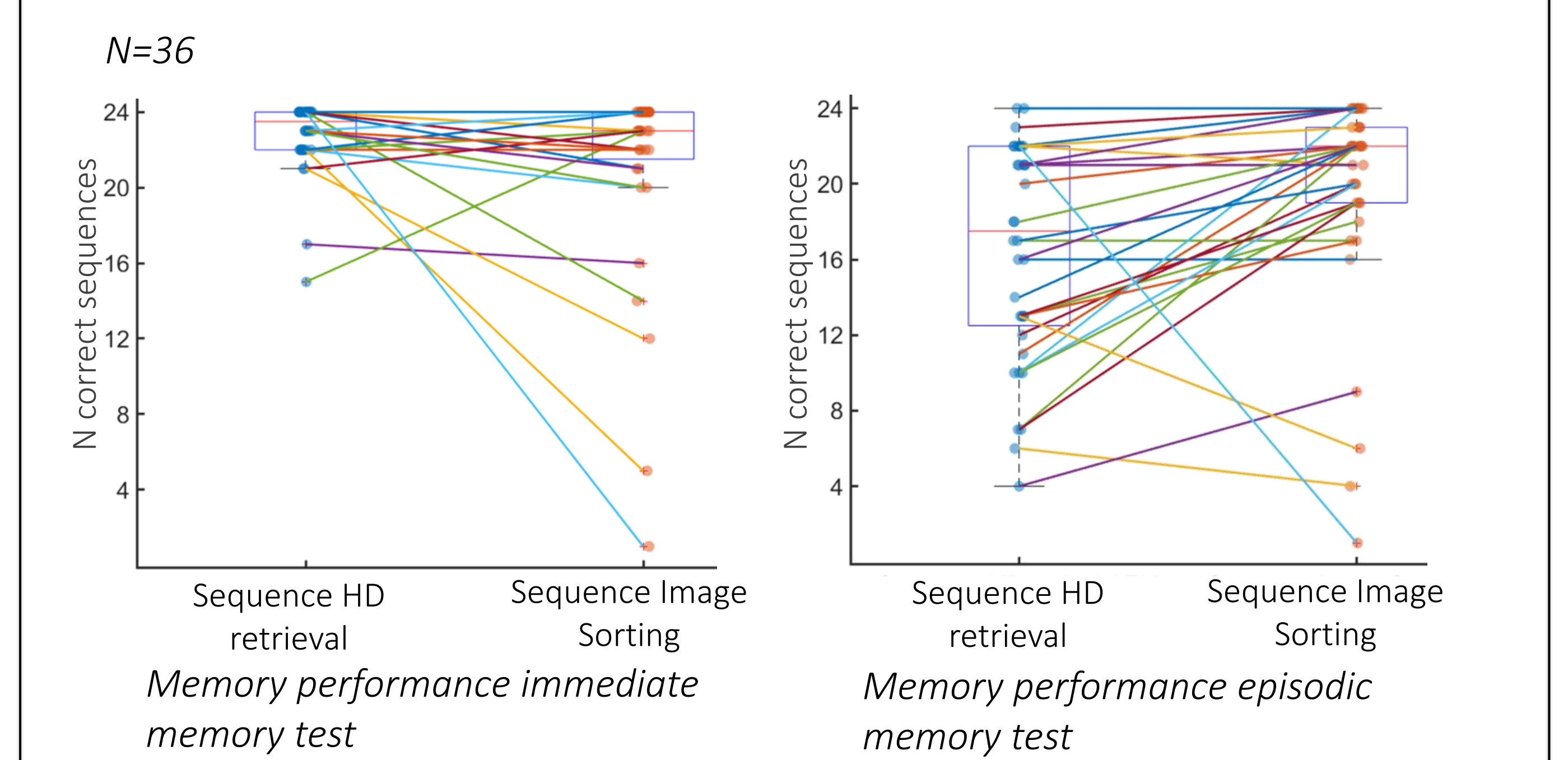
- ❖ Above chance image category classification within image localizer
- ❖ Above chance image category cross-classification from image localizer to HD retrieval task
- ❖ Further steps
  - Classification of HD in immediate and episodic memory traces
  - GLM approaches for single trial analysis
  - Decoding of image and HD sequences with temporally delayed linear modelling (TDLM)<sup>6</sup>

## REFERENCES

- 1 Buzsáki & Moser (2013). *Nat Neurosci*
- 2 Carr et al. (2011). *Nat Neurosci*
- 3 Ólafsdóttir et al. (2018). *Curr Biol*
- 4 Wimmer et al. (2020). *Nat Neurosci*
- 5 Schonhaut et al. (2022). *bioRxiv*
- 6 Liu et al. (2021). *Elife*

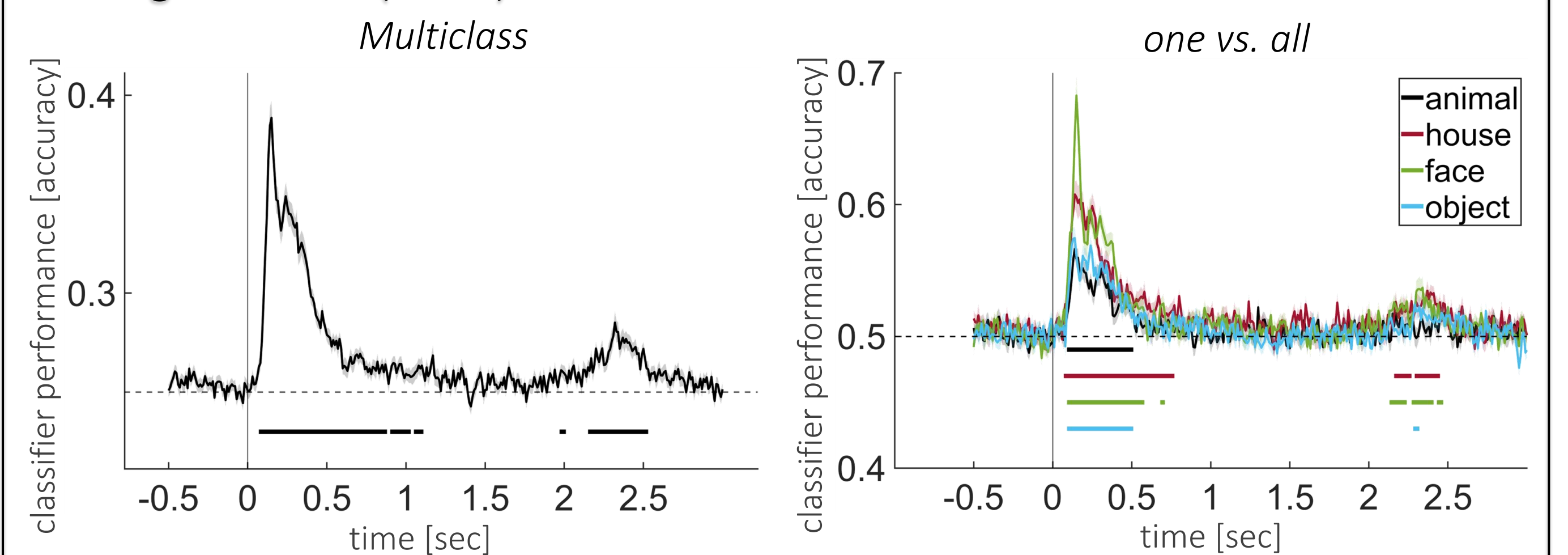
## RESULTS

### MEMORY PERFORMANCE



### DECODING

- ❖ Image localizer (N=36)



- ❖ Decoding image category during HD sequential retrieval

